

Why does my client machine need too much time to connect when the authentication is required?

On Linux and Unix, Java accesses `/dev/random`, a special file that serves as a random number generator, in order to encrypt passwords.

It allows access to environmental noise collected from device drivers and other sources.

The bits of noise are stored in a pool. When the pool is empty, reads from `/dev/random` will be blocked until additional environmental noise is gathered.

A counterpart to `/dev/random` is `/dev/urandom`, which reuses the internal pool to produce more pseudo-random bits.

This means that the call will not be blocked, but the output may contain less entropy than the corresponding read from `/dev/random`.

If your thin client needs too much time to connect when the authentication is required, consider using `/dev/urandom` instead of `/dev/random` by adding the following option to the Application Server startup command-line:

```
-Djava.security.egd=file:///dev/urandom
```

Online URL: <https://support.veryant.com/phpkb/article.php?id=232>