

# How to use font-based icons in isCOBOL GUI programs

When your GUI application is going to need a large variety of different bitmaps for any kind of GUI control that accepts a bitmap for its icon, you can use font-based bitmaps instead of trying to get different images for each control. Bitmap fonts provide a comprehensive set of glyphs, or icons.

In this article we will use one of the most popular bitmap fonts: **FontAwesome**. You can download it from: [www.fontawesome.com](http://www.fontawesome.com).

However, any bitmap font can be used (Material Design Font, dafont.com, etc)

The .otf file that you download can be located in any folder that you choose. You create a named font with W\$CREATEFONT that points to the path (full or relative) of the font.

---

```
move "Font Awesome 5 Free Solid" to font-name call "w$createfont" using
"files/Font Awesome 5 Free-Solid-900.otf" font-name
```

Then you load a font with W\$FONT based on that named font.

---

```
initialize wfont-data set wfdevice-console to true move font-name to wfont-
name move 10 to wfont-size call "w$font" using wfont-get-font h-
font wfont-data
```

Now, in order to use some of the icons from that font for your program, you need to create a strip of selected icons.

The FontAwesome font uses a hexadecimal code of 4 characters to refer to their icons.

Here's a link to all of the available icons and their hex codes:

<https://fontawesome.com/v5/cheatsheet>

Each of those hex codes need to be converted to a decimal value and then combined in a national variable as in this example:

---

```
77 character-1-hex pic x(4). 77 character-1-n pic n(1). 77
character-1-red pic x(2) comp-x
redefines character-1-n. ... 77 icon-
characters pic n any length. ... move "f1c3" to
character-1-hex move "f576" to character-2-hex move "f008" to
character-3-hex move function hex2dec(character-1-hex) to
character-1-red move function hex2dec(character-2-hex) to
character-2-red move function hex2dec(character-3-hex) to
character-3-red initialize icon-characters string
character-1-n delimited by space
character-2-n delimited by space
character-3-n delimited by space into icon-characters.
```

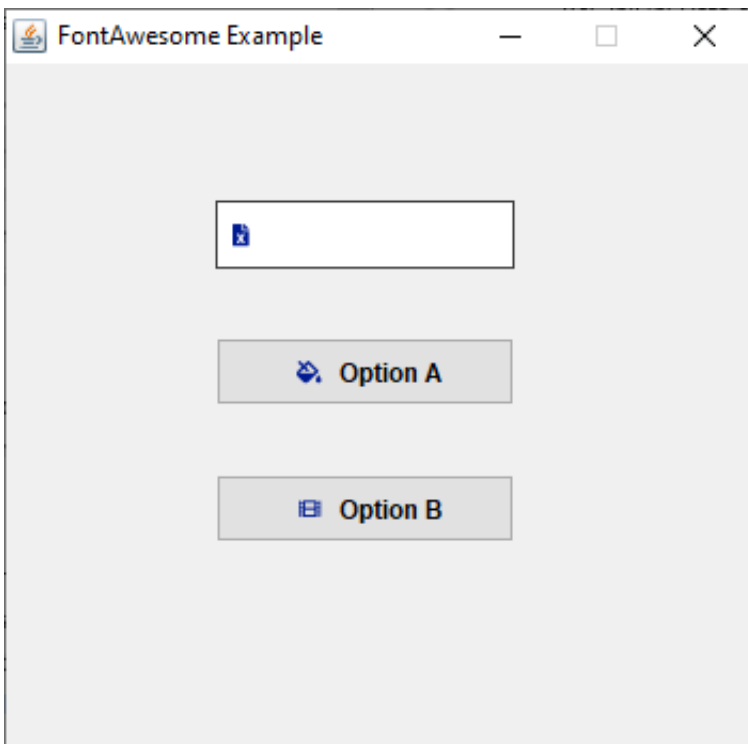
Once you have the list of decimal values in a national string, you can create the bitmap strip in memory, using the W\$BITMAP routine:

```
call "w$bitmap" using wbitmap-load-symbol-font, h-font icon-
characters 20 icon-color giving h-font-icon
```

Now, since the h-font-icon handle of font contains the strip of icons 20 pixels each, you can assign icons from it to a GUI control on the screen section:

```
03 ef-1 entry-field line 5 col 15 size
20 cells lines 2 cells bitmap-handle h-font-
icon bitmap-width 20 bitmap-number 1 . 03
pb-1 push-button line 9 col 15 lines
2 cells size 20 cells bitmap-handle h-font-
icon bitmap-width 20 title-position 2 title
"Option A" bitmap-number 2 .
```

This code creates part of a simple example screen that looks like this:



Attached is a zip file with a full sample of using the FontAwesome bitmap font. After downloading it, you can compile:

```
iscc fontawesome.cbl
```

and run:

```
iscrun FONTAWESOME
```

Online URL: <https://support.veryant.com/support/phpkb/article.php?id=325>